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What is claimed is:

- 1. A wafer-level compressive-flow underfilling (WLCFU) process comprising the steps of:
- a. applying a WLCFU material onto a surface of a bumped wafer in an amount sufficient to ensure that the thickness of the solidified WLCFU layer is less than the height of the wafer bumps;
 - b. solidifying the WLCFU material;
 - c. separating the WLCFU material coated wafer into individual chips;
 - d. covering the top of the bumps with a tacky film;
- e. mounting the WLCFU material and tacky film coated individual chips to substrates; and
 - f. reflowing the solder bumps and curing the WLCFU material and tacky film simultaneously.
 - 2. The wafer-level compressive-flow underfilling (WLCFU) process of Claim 1, wherein said WLCFU material is a solvent-containing WLCFU material and said solidifying step includes the step of solidifying said WLCFU material by solvent removal.
 - 3. The wafer-level compressive-flow underfilling (WLCFU) process of Claim 1, wherein said WLCFU material is a solvent-free fluxing WLCFU material and said WLCFU solidifying step includes the step of solidifying said WLCFU material by cooling.
 - 4. The wafer-level compressive-flow underfilling (WLCFU) process of Claim 1, further comprising a post-curing step.
 - 5. The wafer-level compressive-flow underfilling (WLCFU) process of Claim 1, wherein said WLCFU material comprises:
 - a. an epoxy resin;
 - b. an organic curing hardener;
 - c. a latent curing catalyst;
 - d. a fluxing agent; and
 - e. a silica filler.
- 6. The wafer-level compressive-flow underfilling (WLCFU) process of Claim 5, wherein said epoxy resin is selected from the group consisting of: a cycloaliphatic epoxy resin, a bisphenol A epoxy resin, a bisphenol F epoxy resin, an epoxy novolac resin, a biphenyl epoxy resin, a naphthalene epoxy resin, a dicyclopentadiene-phenol epoxy resin, a reactive epoxy diluent, and any mixture thereof.

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- 7. The wafer-level compressive-flow underfilling (WLCFU) process of Claim 5, wherein said organic curing hardener is selected from the group consisting of: a phenolic resins, an aromatic amine, a carboxylic acid anhydride, an imidazole, and an imidazole derivative.
- 8. The wafer-level compressive-flow underfilling (WLCFU) process of Claim 5 wherein said curing catalyst is selected from the group consisting of: a tertiary amine, a tertiary phosphine, an imidazole, an imidazole derivative, an imidazolium salt, a metal chelate, an onium salts, a quaternary phosphonium compound, 1,8-diazacyclo[5.4.0]undex-7-ene, and any mixture thereof.
- 9. The wafer-level compressive-flow underfilling (WLCFU) process of Claim 5, wherein said fluxing agent comprises a compound containing a hydroxyl (-OH) group.
- 10. The wafer-level compressive-flow underfilling (WLCFU) process of Claim 5, wherein said fluxing agent comprises a compound containing a carboxylic (-COOH) group.
- 11. The wafer-level compressive-flow underfilling (WLCFU) process of Claim 5, wherein said silica filler is selected from the group consisting of: a spherical fused silica filler, a silicon nitride filler, a silver flake filler, and a gold flake filler with diameters ranging from 0.1µm to 50µm.
- 12. The wafer-level compressive-flow underfilling (WLCFU) process of Claim 5, wherein said WLCFU material further comprises a solvent.
- 13. The wafer-level compressive-flow underfilling (WLCFU) process of Claim 12, wherein said solvent is an organic chemical having a boiling point between 25°C to 200° C which does not react with any other components in the WLCFU composition/formulation.
- 14. The wafer-level compressive-flow underfilling (WLCFU) process of Claim 12, wherein said solvent is 4-methyl-2-pentanone.
- 15. The wafer-level compressive-flow underfilling (WLCFU) process of Claim 5, wherein said WLCFU material further comprises an adhesion promoter.
- 16. The wafer-level compressive-flow underfilling (WLCFU) process of Claim 15, wherein said adhesion promoter is selected from the group consisting of: a silane coupling agent, a titanate, and a zirconate.
- 17. The wafer-level compressive-flow underfilling (WLCFU) process of Claim 5, wherein said WLCFU material further comprises a surfactant.
- 18. The wafer-level compressive-flow underfilling (WLCFU) process of Claim 17, wherein said surfactant is a non-ionic surfactant.

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- 19. The wafer-level compressive-flow underfilling (WLCFU) process of Claim 1, wherein said tacky film comprises:
 - a. an epoxy resin;
 - b. an organic curing hardener;
 - c. a latent curing catalyst; and
 - d. a fluxing agent.
- 20. The wafer-level compressive-flow underfilling (WLCFU) process of Claim 19, wherein said tacky film is selected from the group consisting of: a cycloaliphatic epoxy resin, a bisphenol A epoxy resin, a bisphenol F epoxy resin, an epoxy novolac resin, a biphenyl epoxy resin, a naphthalene epoxy resin, a dicyclopentadiene-phenol epoxy resin, a reactive epoxy diluent, and any mixture thereof.
- 21. The wafer-level compressive-flow underfilling (WLCFU) process of Claim 19, wherein said organic curing hardener is selected from the group consisting of a phenolic resin, an aromatic amine, a carboxylic acid anhydride, an imidazole, and an imidazole derivative.
- 22. The wafer-level compressive-flow underfilling (WLCFU) process of Claim 19, wherein said latent curing catalyst is selected from the group consisting of: a tertiary amine, a tertiary phosphine, an imidazole, an imidazole derivative, an imidazolium salt, a metal chelate, an onium salts, a quaternary phosphonium compounds, 1,8-diazacyclo[5.4.0]undex-7-ene, and any mixture thereof.
- 23. The wafer-level compressive-flow underfilling (WLCFU) process of Claim 19, wherein said fluxing agent comprises a compound containing a hydroxyl (-OH) group.
- 24. The wafer-level compressive-flow underfilling (WLCFU) process of Claim 19, wherein said fluxing agent comprises a compound containing a carboxylic (-COOH) group.
- 5 5 25. The wafer-level compressive-flow underfilling (WLCFU) process of Claim 19, wherein said tack film further comprises and adhesion promoter.
 - 26. The wafer-level compressive-flow underfilling (WLCFU) process of Claim 25, wherein said adhesion promoter is selected from the group consisting of: a silane coupling agent, a titanates, and a zirconate.
 - 27. The wafer-level compressive-flow underfilling (WLCFU) process of Claim 19, wherein said tacky film further comprises a surfactant.

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- 28. The wafer-level compressive-flow underfilling (WLCFU) process of Claim 27, wherein said surfactant is a non-ionic surfactant.
 - 29. A wafer-level compressive-flow underfilling (WLCFU) material comprising:
 - a. an epoxy resin;
 - b. an organic curing hardener;
 - c. a latent curing catalyst;
 - d. a fluxing agent; and
 - e. a silica filler.
- 30. The wafer-level compressive-flow underfilling (WLCFU) material of Claim 29, wherein said epoxy resin is selected from the group consisting of: a cycloaliphatic epoxy resin, a bisphenol A epoxy resin, a bisphenol F epoxy resin, an epoxy novolac resin, a biphenyl epoxy resin, a naphthalene epoxy resin, a dicyclopentadiene-phenol epoxy resin, a reactive epoxy diluent, and any mixture thereof.
- 31. The wafer-level compressive-flow underfilling (WLCFU) material of Claim 29, wherein said organic curing hardener is selected from the group consisting of: a phenolic resins, an aromatic amine, a carboxylic acid anhydride, an imidazole, and an imidazole derivative.
- 32. The wafer-level compressive-flow underfilling (WLCFU) material of Claim 29 wherein said curing catalyst is selected from the group consisting of: a tertiary amine, a tertiary phosphine, an imidazole, an imidazole derivative, an imidazolium salt, a metal chelate, an onium salts, a quaternary phosphonium compound, 1,8-diazacyclo[5.4.0]undex-7-ene, and any mixture thereof.
- 33. The wafer-level compressive-flow underfilling (WLCFU) material of Claim 29, wherein said fluxing agent comprises a compound containing a hydroxyl (-OH) group.
- 34. The wafer-level compressive-flow underfilling (WLCFU) material of Claim 29, wherein said fluxing agent comprises a compound containing a carboxylic (-COOH) group.
- 35. The wafer-level compressive-flow underfilling (WLCFU) material of Claim 29, wherein said silica filler is selected from the group consisting of: a spherical fused silica filler, a silicon nitride filler, a silver flake filler, and a gold flake filler with diameters ranging from 0.1µm to 50µm.
- 36. The wafer-level compressive-flow underfilling (WLCFU) material of Claim 29, wherein said WLCFU material further comprises a solvent.

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- 37. The wafer-level compressive-flow underfilling (WLCFU) material of Claim 29, wherein said solvent is an organic chemical having a boiling point between 25°C to 200° C which does not react with any other components in the WLCFU composition/formulation.
- 38. The wafer-level compressive-flow underfilling (WLCFU) material of Claim 29, wherein said solvent is 4-methyl-2-pentanone.
- 39. The wafer-level compressive-flow underfilling (WLCFU) material of Claim 29, wherein said WLCFU material further comprises an adhesion promoter.
- 40. The wafer-level compressive-flow underfilling (WLCFU) material of Claim 29, wherein said adhesion promoter is selected from the group consisting of: a silane coupling agent, a titanate, and a zirconate.
- 41. The wafer-level compressive-flow underfilling (WLCFU) material of Claim 29, wherein said WLCFU material further comprises a surfactant.
- 42. The wafer-level compressive-flow underfilling (WLCFU) material of Claim 29, wherein said surfactant is a non-ionic surfactant.
- 43. A tacky film material for use in a wafer-level compressive-flow underfilling (WLCFU) process, said tacky film material comprising:
 - a. an epoxy resin;
 - b. an organic curing hardener;
 - c. a latent curing catalyst; and
 - d. a fluxing agent.
- 44. The tacky film material of Claim 43, wherein said epoxy resin is selected from the group consisting of: a cycloaliphatic epoxy resin, a bisphenol A epoxy resin, a bisphenol F epoxy resin, an epoxy novolac resin, a biphenyl epoxy resin, a naphthalene epoxy resin, a dicyclopentadiene-phenol epoxy resin, a reactive epoxy diluent, and any mixture thereof.
- 45. The tacky film material of Claim 43, wherein said organic curing hardener is selected from the group consisting of a phenolic resin, an aromatic amine, a carboxylic acid anhydride, an imidazole, and an imidazole derivative.
- 46. The tacky film material of Claim 43, wherein said latent curing catalyst is selected from the group consisting of: a tertiary amine, a tertiary phosphine, an imidazole, an imidazole derivative, an imidazolium salt, a metal chelate, an onium salts, a quaternary phosphonium compounds, 1,8-diazacyclo[5.4.0]undex-7-ene, and any mixture thereof.
- 47. The tacky film material of Claim 43, wherein said fluxing agent comprises a compound containing a hydroxyl (-OH) group.

- 48. The tacky film material of Claim 43, wherein said fluxing agent comprises a compound containing a carboxylic (-COOH) group.
- 49. The tacky film material of Claim 43, further comprising an adhesion promoter.
- 50. The tacky film material of Claim 49, wherein said adhesion promoter is selected from the group consisting of: a silane coupling agent, a titanates, and a zirconate.
 - 51. The tacky film material of Claim 43, further comprising a surfactant.
- 52. The tacky film material of Claim 51, wherein said surfactant is a non-ionic surfactant.
 - 53. The tacky film material of Claim 43, further comprising a silica filler.